40785 to 40787—Continued.

the tree until the end of October or later, then stored in a fruit room until they are 'bletted,' a term given to indicate a state of incipient decay. A jelly made from the fruits meets a more general taste. The medlar is most closely allied to Crataegus, differing in the solitary flower, etc. It is very hardy, and not particular as to soil." (W. J. Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 2, p. 81.)

40786. Prunus spinosa L. Amygdalaceæ.

Plum.

See S. P. I. No. 38426 for previous introduction and description.

40787. Rubus ulmifolius Schott. Rosaceæ.

"A vigorous shrub whose more or less plum-colored, arching stems are clothed with starry down and armed with long, broad-based prickles; they root freely at the tips. Leaves composed of three or five leaflets radially arranged, which are slightly downy above but white-felted beneath, rather finely toothed. Flowers bright rosy red, and produced in showy, cylindrical panicles. This well-marked species is of little value as a fruiting bramble, its berries being small and dryish, but from it several ornamental garden varieties have been obtained. It is widely spread over the United Kingdom (except Scotland) and Europe generally." (W. J. Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 2, p. 470.)

40788 to 40797.

From Lima, Peru. Procured from Senor J. A. MacKnight, director, Escuela Normal de Varones. Received May 18, 1915. Quoted notes by Mr. MacKnight.

40788 to 40790. Solanum tuberosum L. Solanaceæ.

Potato.

40790. Lot 3.

40788. Lot 1. **40789.** Lot 2.

40791 to 40796. Ullucus tuberosus Caldas. Basellaceæ.

Oca.

40791. Lot 1. "Yellowish white with red spots, fine quality."

40792. Lot 2. "Mottled, white and red, fine quality."

40793. Lot 3. "Yellowish, fine quality."

40794. Lot 4. "Mottled, round, fine quality."

40795. Lot 5. "Red, fine quality."

40796. Lot 6. "Greenish, fine quality."

Tubers.

40797. Chenopodium quinoa Willd. Chenopodiaceæ.

Quinoa.

"Of a very fine quality."

40798 to 40802.

From Albano, Stockholm, Sweden. Presented by the director, Botanic Garden. Received May 10, 1915.

40798 to 40800. Lathyrus spp. Fabaceæ.

Introduced for the breeding experiments of Mr. David Burpee.

40798. LATHYRUS CICERA L.

Everlasting pea.

Stems usually prostrate or ascending, up to 2 dm. (8 inches) long, slightly winged, glabrous. Leaves with small winged petioles and one pair of leaflets; the upper with simple undivided tendrils, half as long as the leaflets; the lower not cirrose. Leaflets of the lower